EUROPEAN PATENT OFFICE

Patent Abstracts of Japan

PUBLICATION NUMBER

60245773

PUBLICATION DATE

05-12-85

APPLICATION DATE

18-05-84

APPLICATION NUMBER

59100309

APPLICANT: SUMITOMO METAL IND LTD;

INVENTOR:

MINAMI TAKAO;

INT.CL.

C22F 1/10 C22C 19/05

TITLE

MANUFACTURE OF HIGHLY CORROSION RESISTANT NI BASE ALLOY

ABSTRACT:

PURPOSE: To obtain an Ni base alloy superior in stress corrosion cracking resistance in high temp., high pressure water circumstance by annealing said alloy having a specified compsn., then cold working, next heat treating under a specified condition, further heat treating at just under and above the recrystallization temp.

CONSTITUTION: The Ni base alloy consisting of, by weight, $\leq 0.07\%$ C, $\leq 1.0\%$ Si, $\leq 1.0\%$ Mn, $14\sim35\%$ Cr, $50\sim80\%$ Ni, $0.05\sim1.0\%$ Ti, $0.1\sim1.0\%$ Al, $\leq 0.15\%$ N and substantially the balance Fe with inevitable impurities is melted and manufactured. Said material is cold worked by $\geq 30\%$ reduction after the annealing, then heat treated at $675\sim725^{\circ}$ C for $3\sim7$ hr, to aim the precipitation of Cr carbides and the recovery of Cr lack layer. Next, heated at $770\sim790^{\circ}$ C just under the recrystallization temp. for ≥ 1 hr, if necessary, cold worked by $\geq 30\%$ reduction, then heat treated by one time or more at $805\sim830^{\circ}$ C just above said temp. for ≥ 0.1 hr. In this way, the extremely refining of crystal grains is aimed. The Ni base alloy can be used to steam generator heat transfer tube, etc., in pressurized water reactor.

COPYRIGHT: (C)1985,JPO&Japio